

European Delegation - Market Trends :

- Cruise Ships
 - Ferries
 - Offshore
-

JECKU 2013 – Top Executive Meeting

November 13-15, 2013

Okinawa - Japan



Market Trends - Cruise Ships

European Delegation

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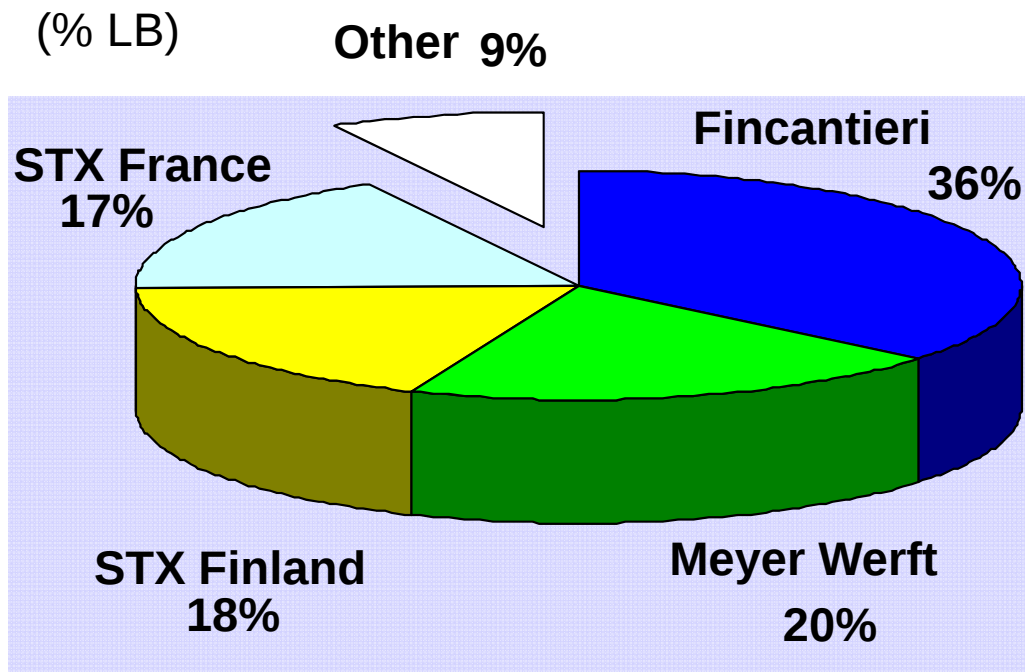
Okinawa - Japan



CONTRIBUTION OF EUROPEAN SHIPBUILDERS TO CRUISE INDUSTRY GROWTH

DELIVERED SINCE 1990 & ON ORDER

266 SHIPS; ~ 462.000 LB



- Since 1990, 266 ships, equivalent to 462.000 LB have been delivered or are under construction at four European shipbuilding companies.
- A huge contribution by Europe to the oceangoing cruise fleet, standing at 357 ships and ~ 508.000 LB

EVOLUTION & INNOVATION THE KEY TO SUCCESS

Crown Princess - 1990



Gt	70.000
Cabins	798
Outside Cabins	78%
Balcony Cabins	23%

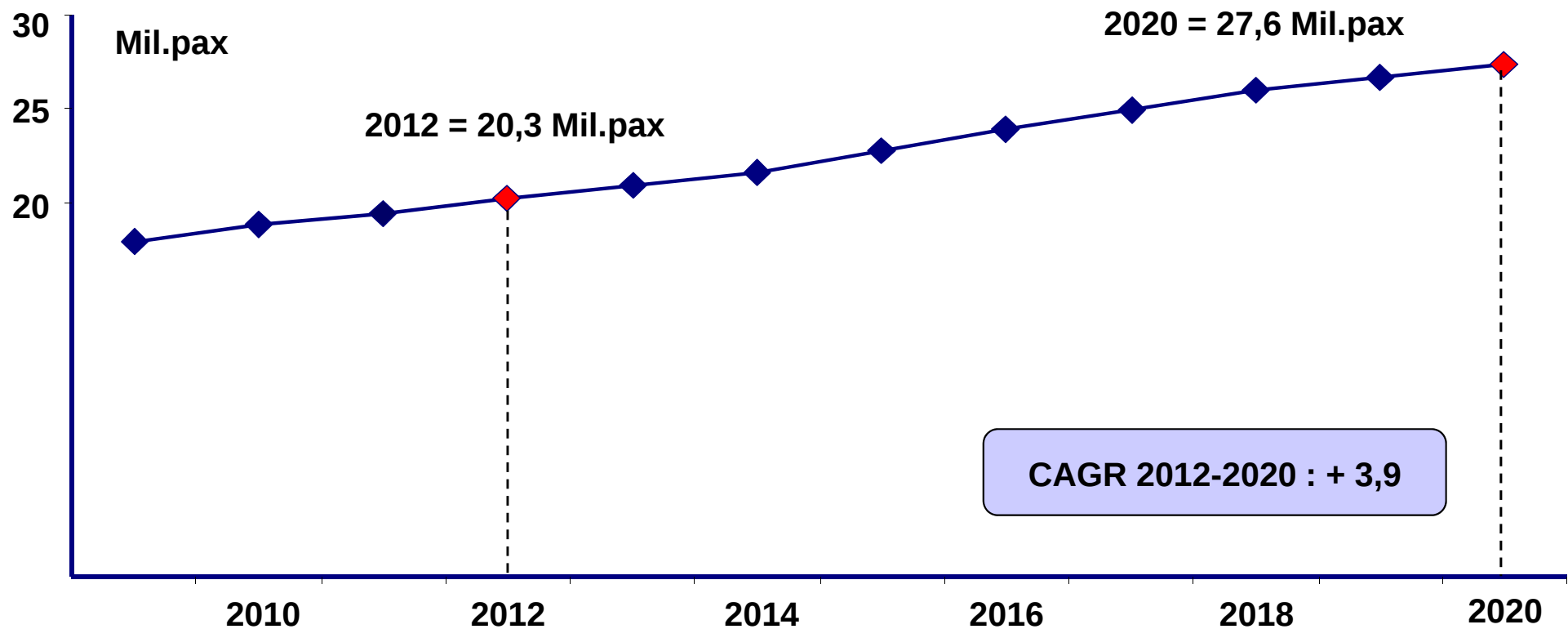
Royal Princess - 2013



Gt	130.000
Cabins	1.780
Outside Cabins	80 %
Balcony Cabins	80 %

PASSENGERS

In 2012, more than 20 million people cruised, notwithstanding the crisis, especially in Europe.

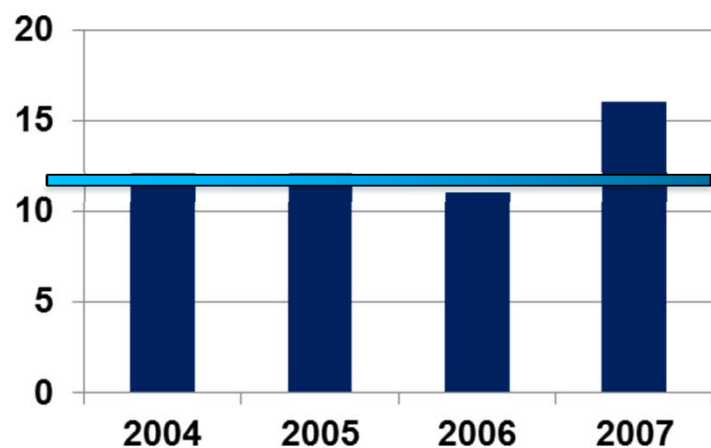


- Speculative behaviours have not spread across the cruise sector: the new ships ordered have balanced the passenger growth and the market is still growing.

NEW ORDERS

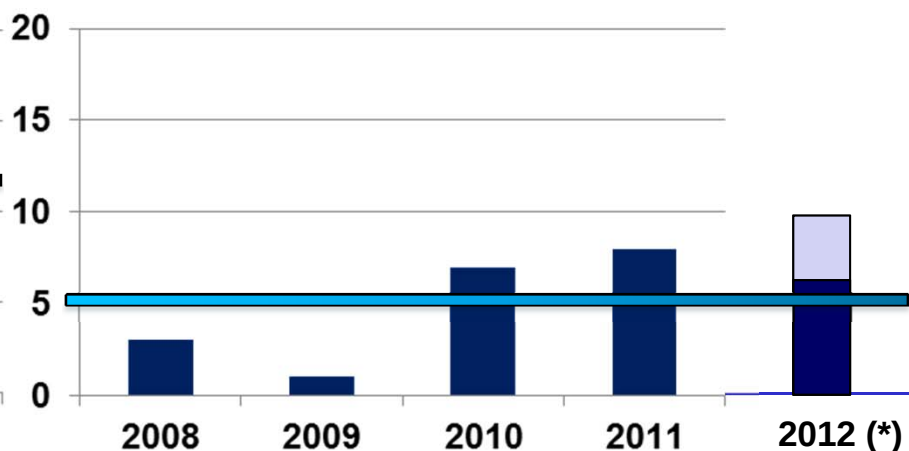
2004 – 2007: 51 ships

Avg 12 ships per year



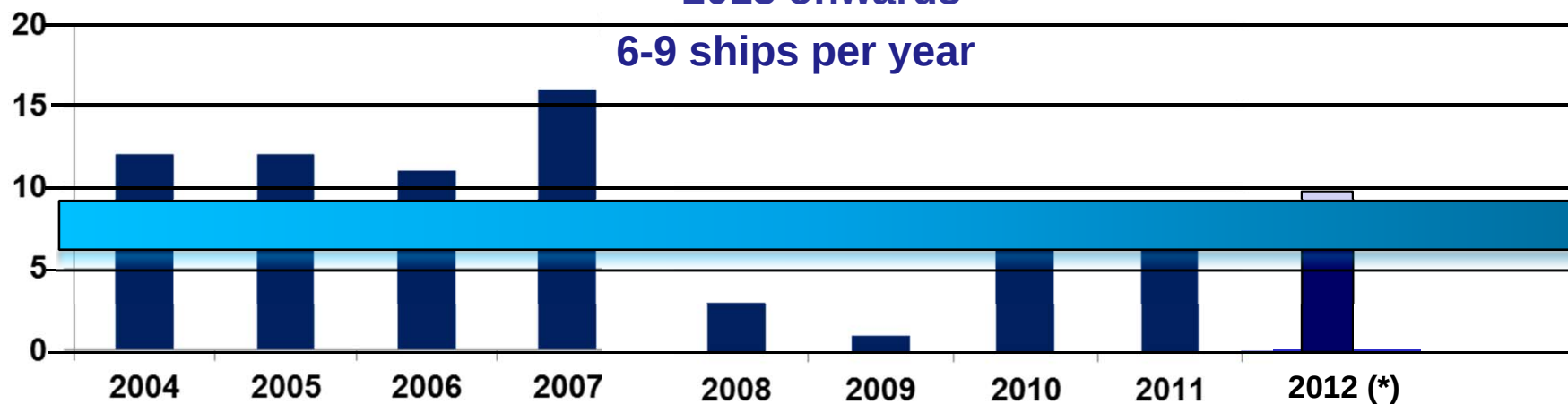
2008- 2011: 19 ships

Avg 5 ships per year



2013 onwards

6-9 ships per year

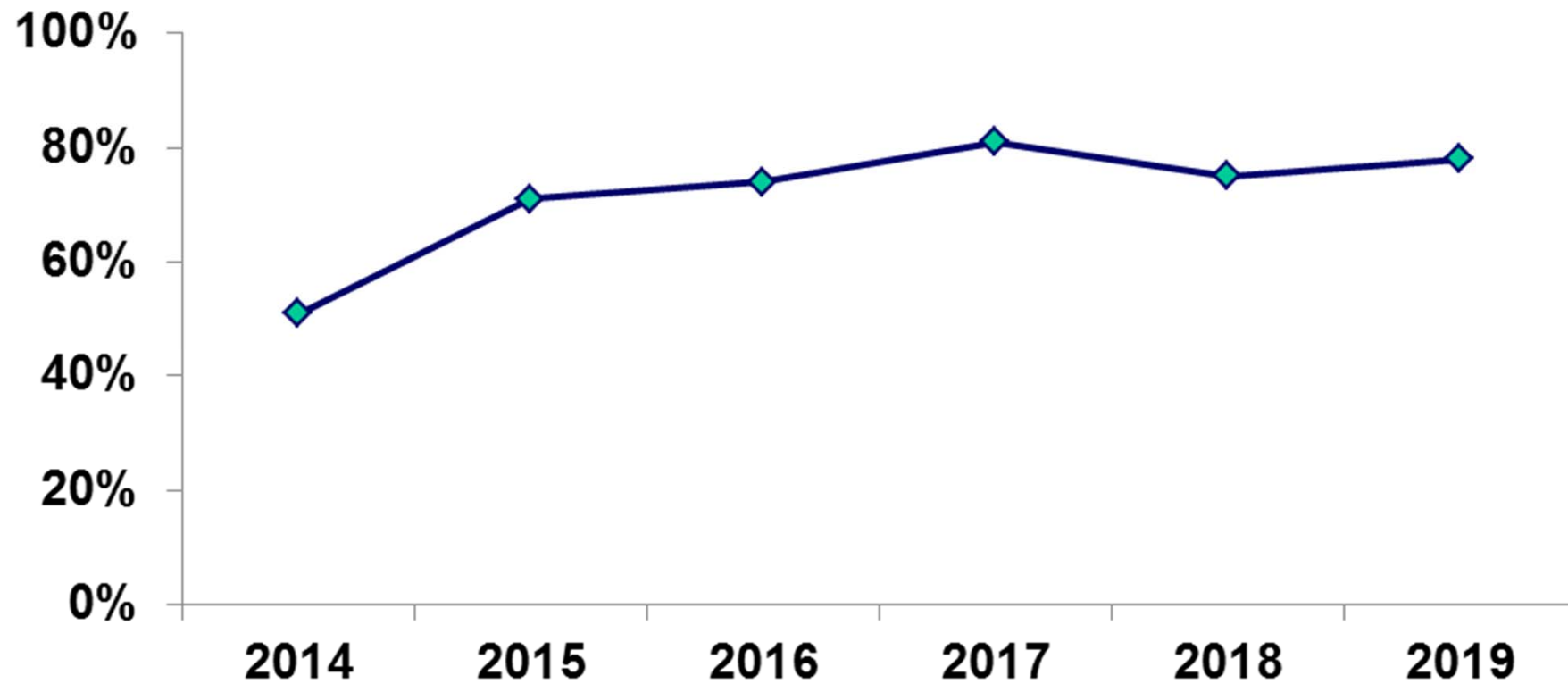


(*) New orders 2012 : 6 ships + 4 ships subject to financing

FINCANTIERI

OCCUPANCY RATE

Occupancy rate of cruise-dedicated newbuilding capacity



INVESTMENT POLICY

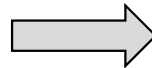
**Cruise Lines:
Investment policy in
the medium term**

**Need to preserve the profitability of the assets
VS
Need to sustain the market growth**

From 2008 to 2012 :

- **Fuel cost more than doubled**
- **Revenues per passenger days slightly declined**
- **Return on invested capital declined.**

- **Search for cost savings / margin improvements**
- **Need to offer innovative products**
- **Need to comply with new regulations**



- **Request for innovative, aggressively-priced quality vessels.**

CRUISE SCENARIO

Shipyards' Challenges

- **Specific approach to each market niche, (each new project needs to be customized on very specific needs and requirements)**
- **New Rules (Safe Return to Port and Probabilistic Damage Stability) + fuel efficiency + reduction of environmental footprint = additional product complexity**
- **Price is a trade-off between the acceptable spending target of the client and the intrinsic higher value of the innovative prototype.**

CONCLUSIONS

- Moderate demand levels
- Regulatory pressures
- Growing complexity/novelty of the product & onboard systems
- Cost growth / cost constraints
- Demanding (i.e. low) newbuilding prices
- Increased role of financing & ECAs
- Competitiveness = industrial factors + financial strength + exchange rate



- Maturity of the business
- Strong competition
- Lower and lower margins for the shipbuilders

Market Trends - Ferry Market

European Delegation

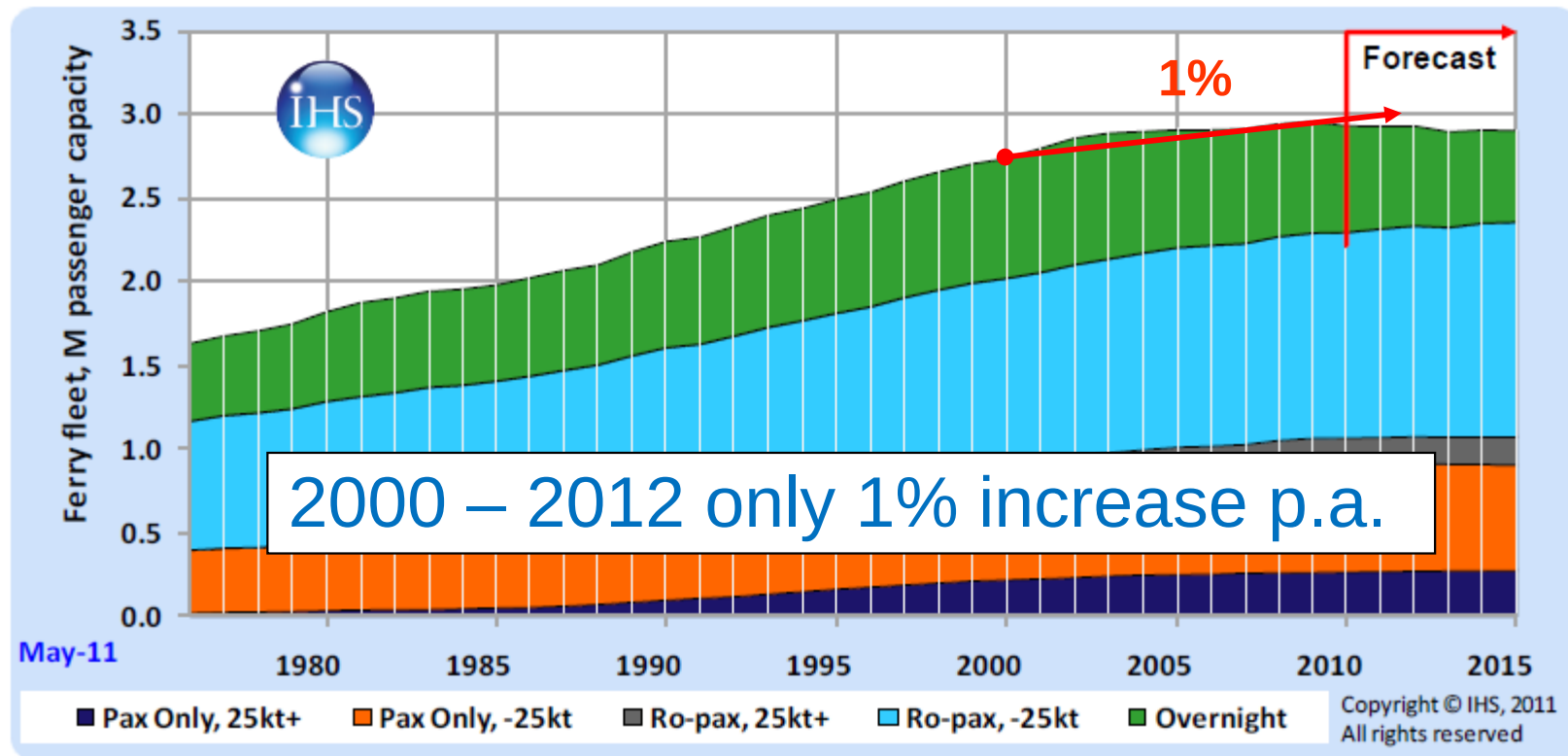
JECKU 2013 - Expert Preparatory Meeting

September 4-6, 2013

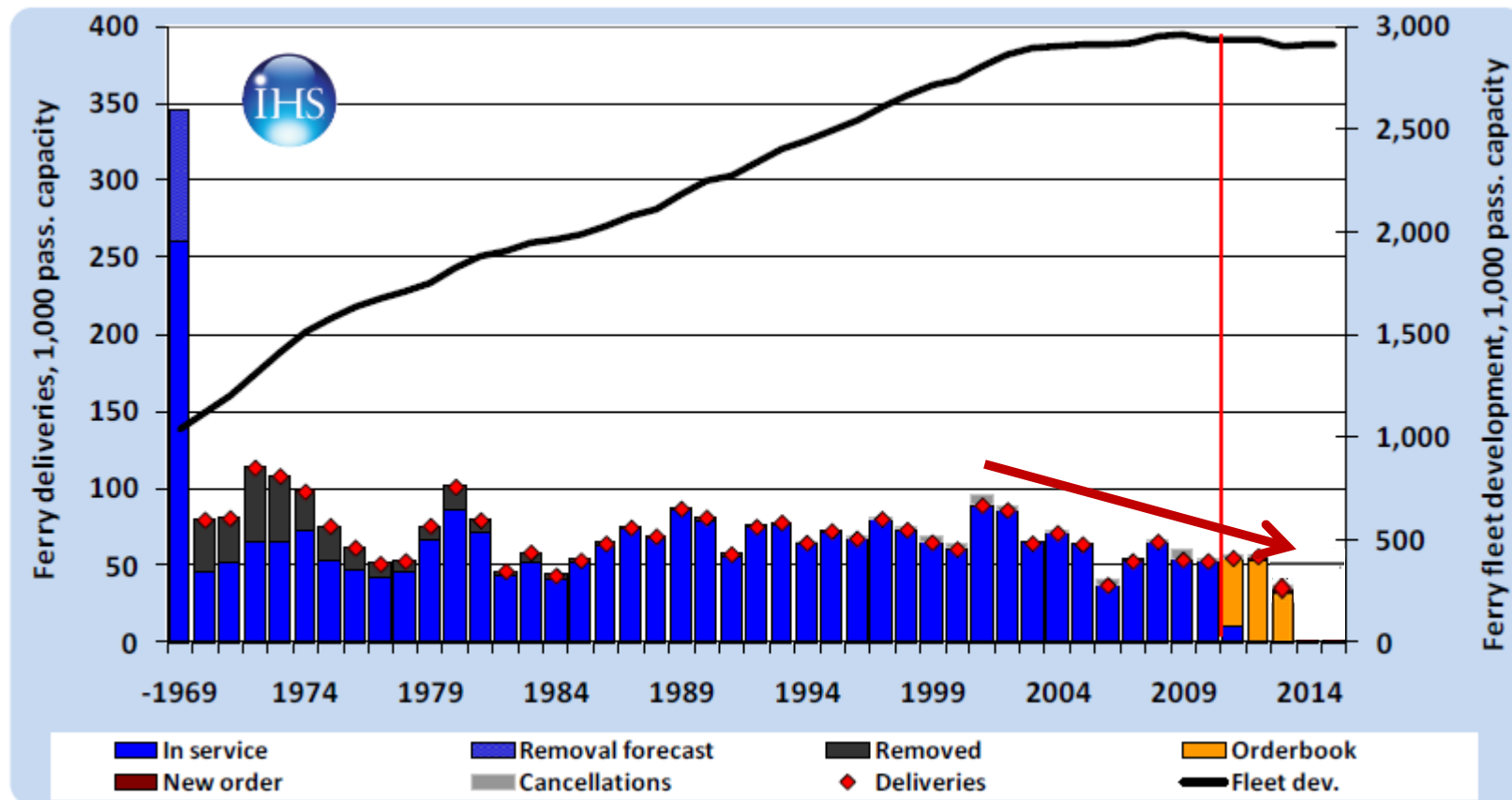
Sapporo - Japan



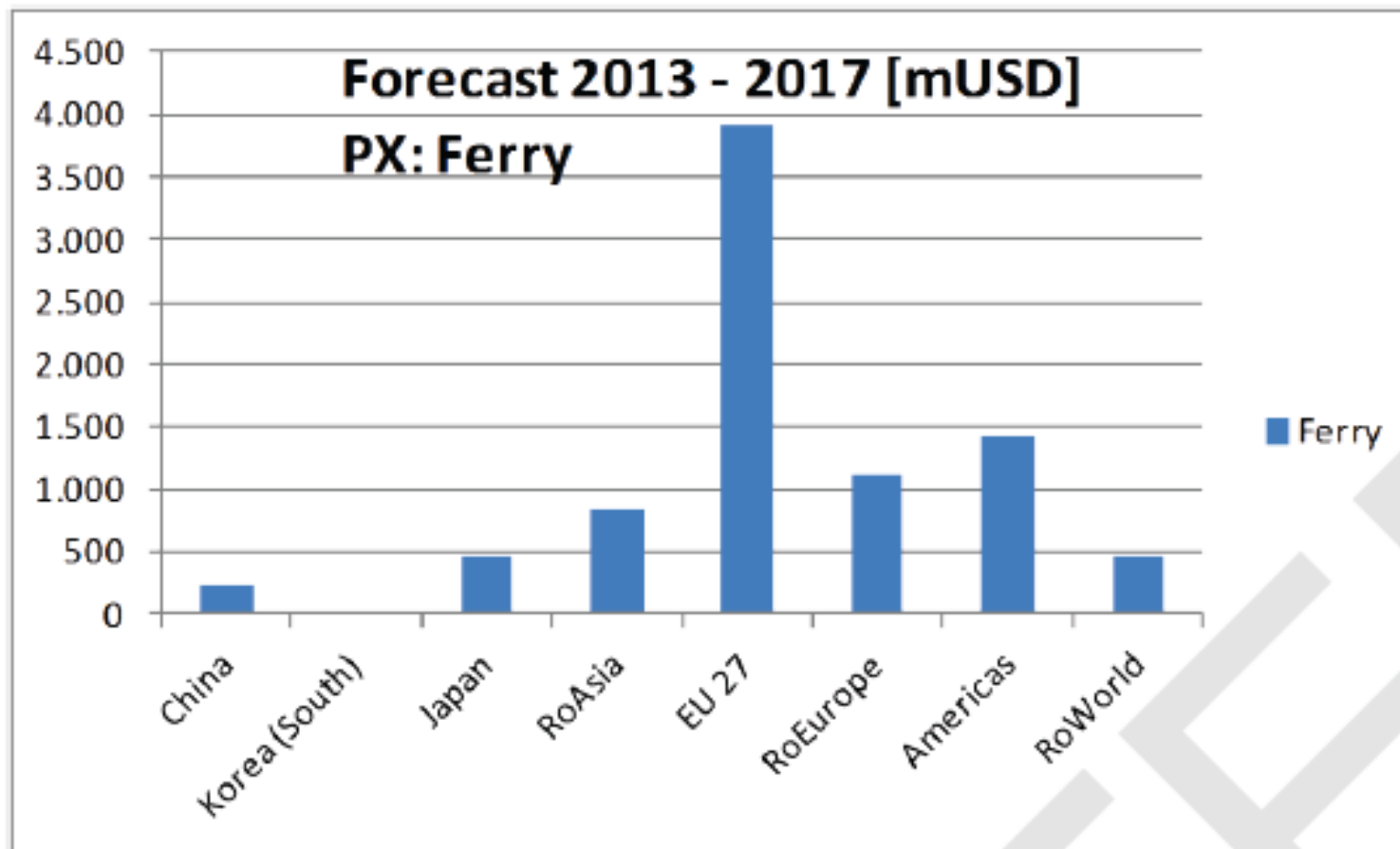
FERRY VESSEL MARKET



FERRY VESSEL MARKET



FERRY VESSEL MARKET FORECAST BY BUILDING COUNTRY



FERRY VESSEL MARKET

CONCLUSIONS

- Moderate growth in the past, expected to continue
- Regulatory pressures
- Fragmentation of the industry
- replacement demand difficult to materialise
- Key role of financing and new technologies



- Pessimistic outlook

Market Trends - Offshore Market

European Delegation

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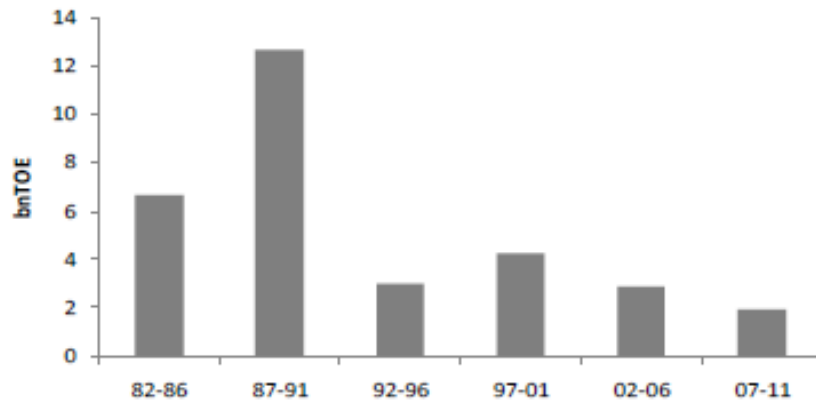
Sapporo - Japan



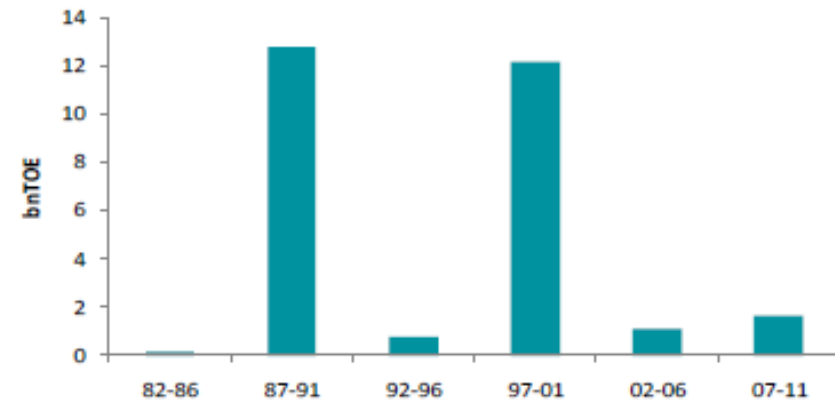
PETROL DISCOVERY = DEEP WATER

55% of oil and gas offshore discoveries in deep-water (06-10)!

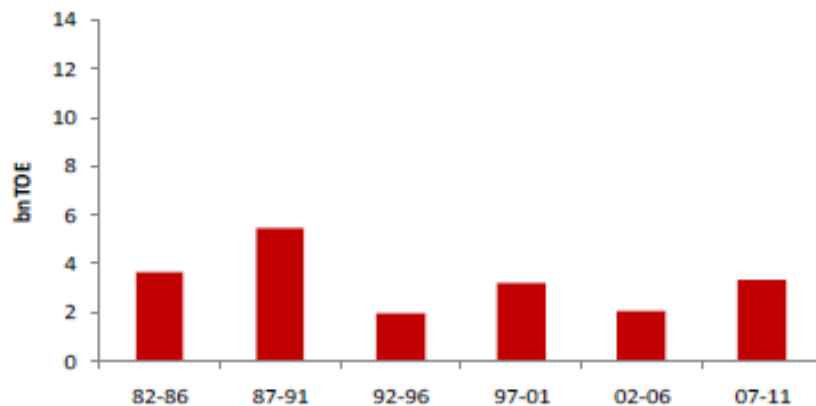
Shallow water ex – Middle East



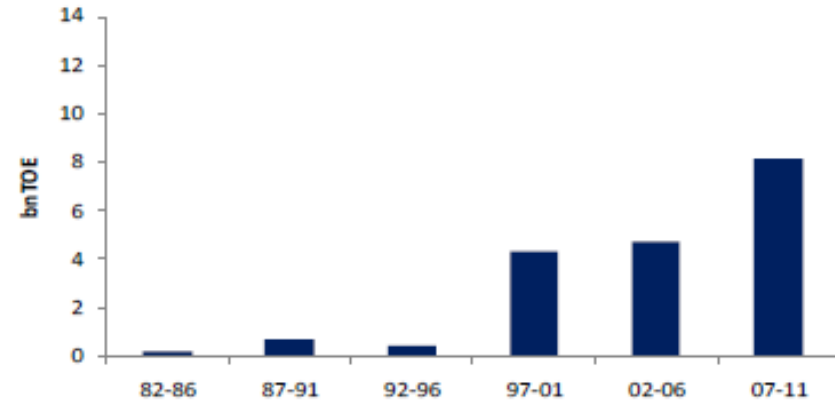
Shallow water Middle East



Mid-water (400-3000ft)

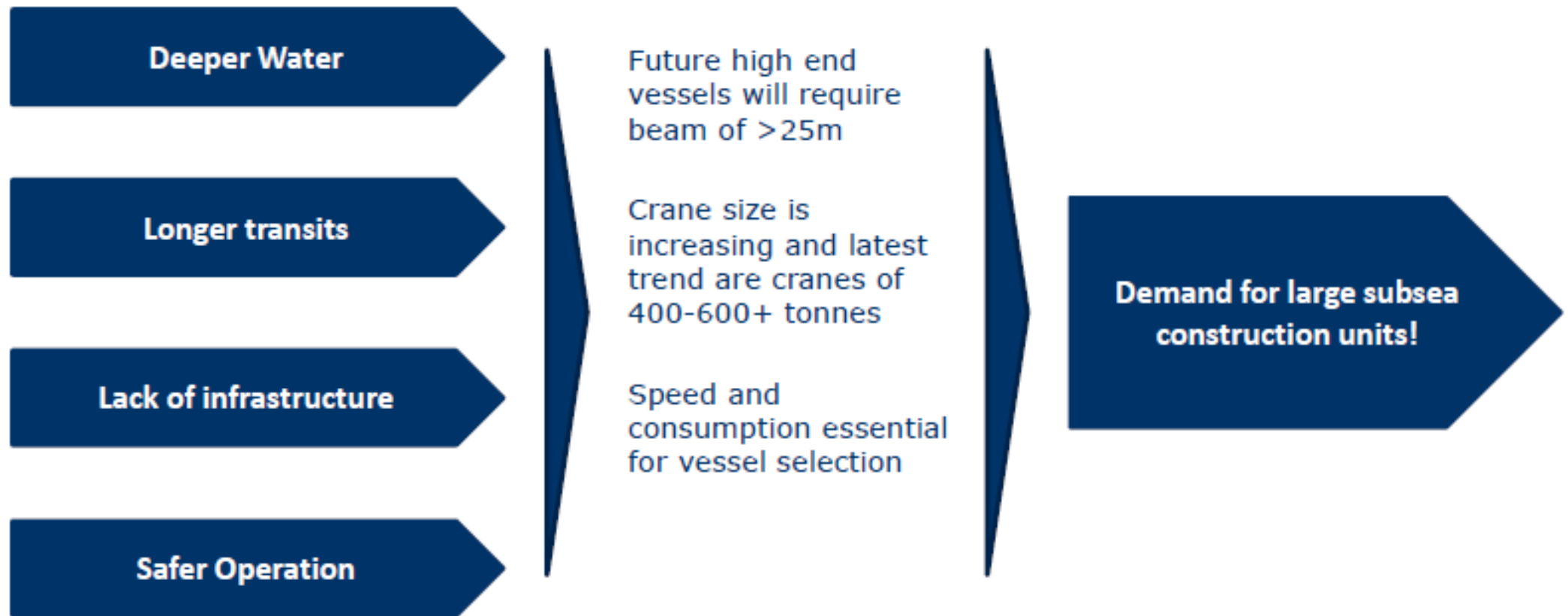


Deep-water (>3000ft)



Source : Infield

CONSEQUENCE ON THE VESSELS DEFINITION



Source : Platou AS

- Larger demand for Subsea Vessels
- Increasing of the size & the performance of the fleet
- Technology make difference

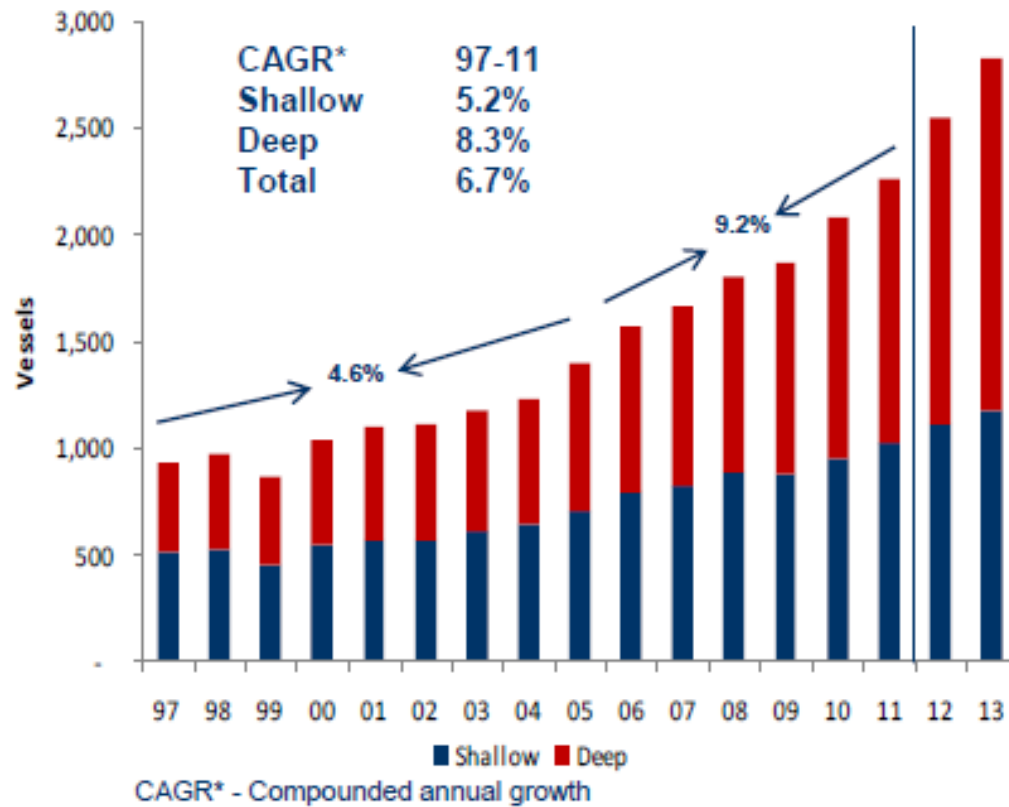
OIL REVENUE VS. SHIP ORDER INTAKE

OIL PRICE DRIVEN MARKET

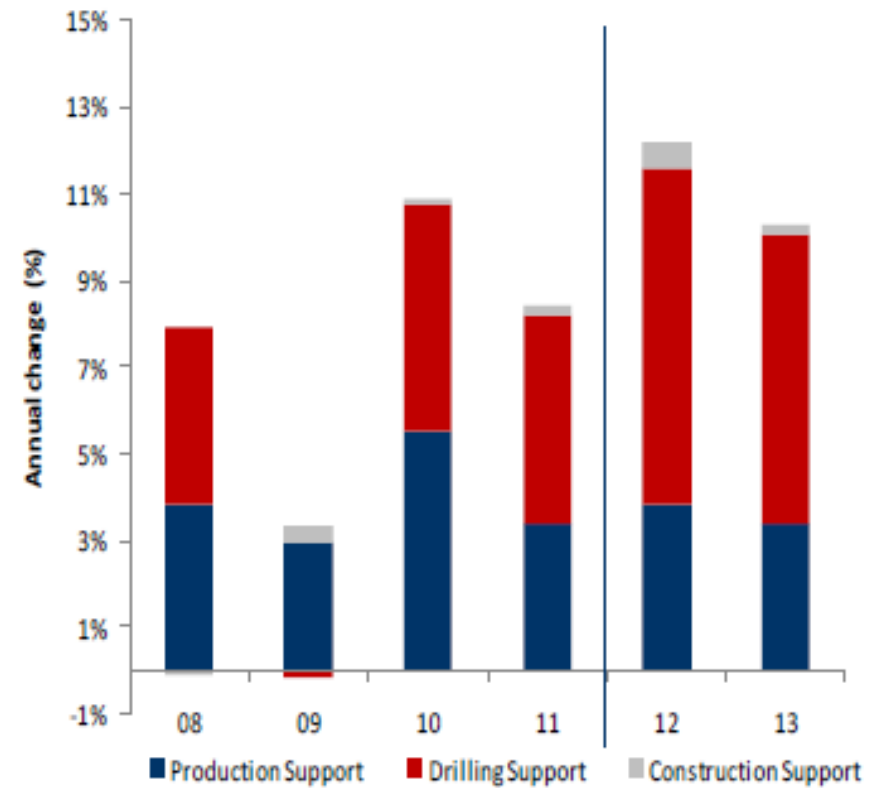


FLEET & ORDER BOOK

Estimated demand by water depth



Demand growth by source (%)



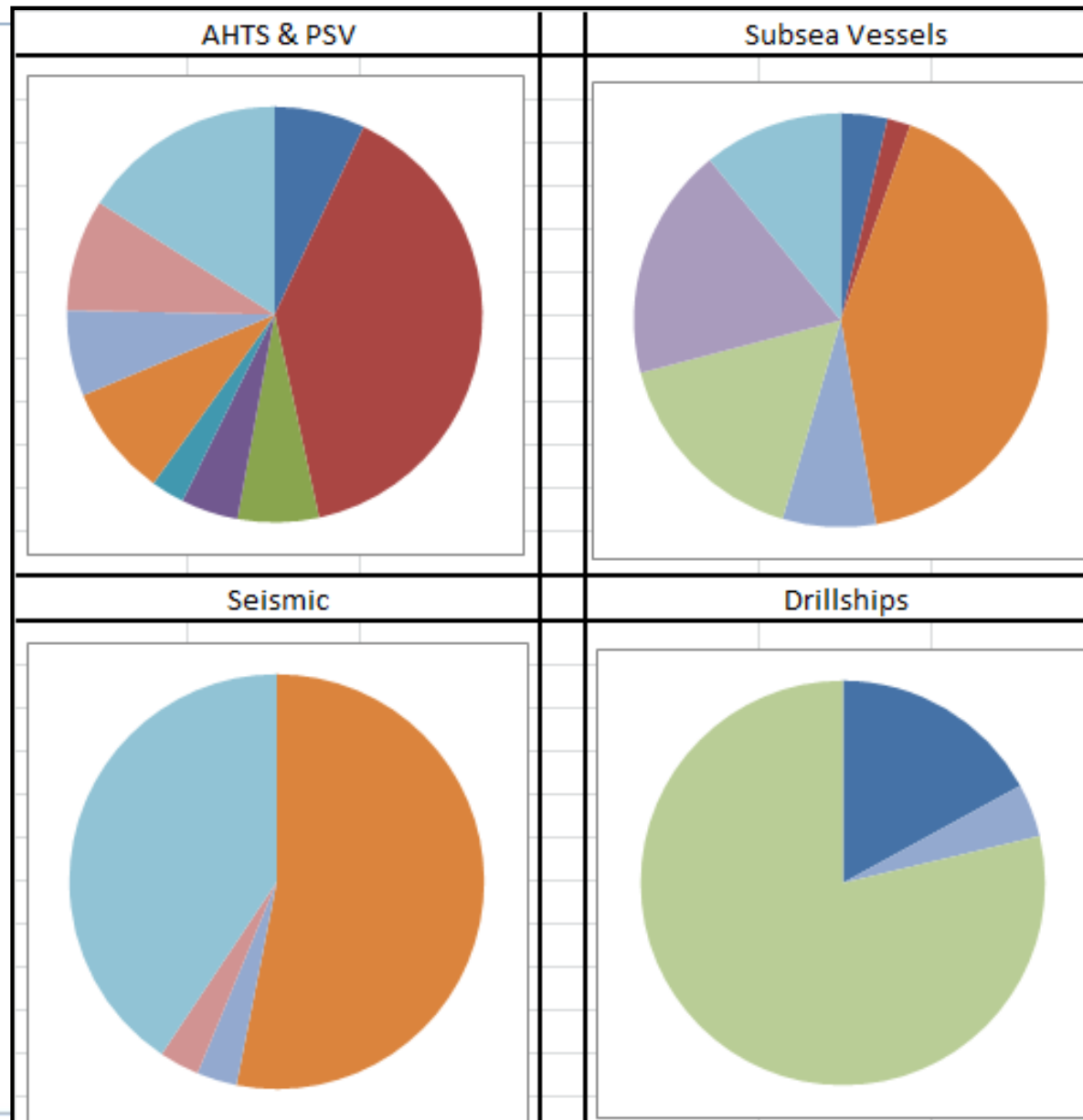
Source : Platou AS

FLEET & ORDER BOOK

		(No. of units in service)	(No. of units under construction)	(orderbook as a % of existing fleet)	(Average building price, in \$m)	(Total orderbook value, in \$m)
OFFSHORE UNITS						
RIG	Drillships	79	49	62 %	650	31.853
	Jackups	474	83	18 %	210	17.417
	Semis	207	21	10 %	614	12.897
	Total	748	159	21 %	425	62.167
OSV	Anchor Handling Tug Supply	1737	225	13 %	28	6.266
	Platform Supply Vessel	1044	283	27 %	37	10.453
	Total	2781	508	18 %	32	16.720
OSCV	Remote Operated Vehicle Support Vessel	195	24	12 %	93	2.226
	Pipe Layers (incl. DLB)	61	17	28 %	276	4.700
	Diving Support Vessel (with SAT)	77	7	9 %	65	455
	Crane	2	1	50 %	400	400
	Well Stimulation/Intervention Vessel	7	2	29 %	250	500
	Total	348	54	16 %	138	6.951
Other	FPSO	165	39	24 %	700	27.300
	Shuttle Tankers	65	32	49 %	102	3.270
	Accommodation	121	10	8 %	150	730
Total Offshore Fleet		4063	763	19 %		117.138

Source : Platou AS

COMPETITION



- Brazil
- China
- India
- Indonesia
- Malaysia
- Norway
- Singapore
- US
- Korea
- Netherlands
- Other

SUMMARY

- Evolution of the vessel definition (size and complexity)
- Increasing of the number of units ordered (driven by oil price)
- Competition is worldwide